

## Fakultät für Sozialwissenschaft, Veranstaltungskommentierung für das SoSe 2022

<b>Veranstaltungsnummer, -titel, Dozent(in)</b>
Globalization and theories of development (BA IntBez, Teil II; IntStrukt, Teil II) Melis Baydag, M.Sc.
Do 10-12 Uhr
<b>Beschreibung</b>
The aim of the seminar is to provide in-depth knowledge on the concept of development in the context of globalization. It explores the interplay between globalization and development processes of developing countries in Africa, Latin America and Asia, and poses the fundamental questions (i) why certain regions/countries remain poor, whereas others achieved economic growth, (ii) whether globalization of the world economy and economic liberalization lead to development or rather create further dependency on the side of the developing countries, and (iii) how the gains of globalization are distributed internally. To answer these questions, the seminar, first, introduces modernization and dependency theories, as well as neoliberal approaches to development, while concentrating particularly on economic growth models of import-substitution industrialization and export-led growth, as well as the concept of developmental state as it emerged in East Asia. Second, it enables students to familiarize with the main theories of International Relations, and deals with the questions relating to North-South relations through empirical puzzles on the role of trade, foreign investment, foreign aid as well as the Bretton Woods Institutions. Third, it discusses the major challenges that globalization poses, that is, global competition brought about by the systemic power shifts and the rise of developing countries (such as Brazil, China, and India), as well as anti-establishment movements in Western societies (i.e., the United States and the European Union). Overall, the seminar will not only uncover the current development challenges as compared to the past, but also try to answer the overall question of who wins and who loses from globalization, while enabling students to apply theoretical knowledge on empirical case studies.
<b>Voraussetzungen für Studiennachweise / Modulprüfungen</b>
Studiennachweis: aktive Teilnahme an der wöchentlichen Diskussion der jeweiligen Referate, fristgerechte Abgabe der Literaturberichte in der 3. und 4 Sitzung, Übernahme eines Referats mit Thesenpapier, Powerpoint-Präsentation und Diskussionsfragen. Modulprüfung: wie Studiennachweis inklusive Hausarbeit bzw. mündlicher Prüfung.
<b>Teilnahmevoraussetzungen</b>
Teilnahme an der Vorlesung „Einführung in die Internationalen Beziehungen“, Anmeldung per Campus Office, Anfertigung von Literaturberichten (eine Seite Zusammenfassung pro Text) zu den unten stehenden Texten bis zur 3. und 4. Sitzung.
<b>Literaturhinweise</b>
Phillips, N. (2020). Global political economy. In Baylis, J., Smith, S. & Owens, P. (Eds.) <i>The globalization of world politics: An introduction to international relations</i> (8th edition, pp. 256-270). Oxford: Oxford University Press.
Schirm, S. A. (2013). Globalisierung und Entwicklungsländer. In <i>Internationale Politische Ökonomie. Eine Einführung</i> (3rd Edition, pp. 180-191). Baden-Baden: UTB Nomos.
Hout, W. (2016). Classical approaches to development: Modernisation and dependency. In Grugel, J & Hammett, D. (Eds.) <i>The Palgrave Handbook of International Development</i> (pp. 21-39). Basingstoke: Palgrave Macmillan.
Milner, H. V. (2005). Globalization, development, and international institutions: Normative and positive perspectives. <i>Perspectives on Politics</i> 3(4), 833-854.
Wade, R. H. (2018). The developmental state: Dead or alive? <i>Development and Change</i> 49(2), 518-546.
Schirm, S. A. (2019). In pursuit of self-determination and redistribution: emerging powers and Western anti-establishment voters in international politics. <i>Global Affairs</i> 5(2), 115-130.